

Rapid Habitat Assessment

A Rapid Habitat Assessment (RHA) is used to provide a quick assessment of the stream habitat of a specific section/reach of the waterway. It provides a 'habitat quality score' for a river reach which indicates general stream habitat condition for the physical aspect, such as the structure of the stream banks or the nature of the stream bed.

Aquatic life is dependent on various features of stream habitat and riparian areas. Knowing what types of habitats are present, in what amounts and how these habitats might be changing over time is vital to understanding overall stream health. Using the RHA protocol to help

track the impact of stream restoration efforts such as fencing and planting along waterways over time can help measure improvements.

An RHA can be carried out by experts, or community groups and individuals. The assessment is carried out against 10 variables scored from 1 to 10 with a total possible score of 100. The variables are shown on the left hand-side of the table on the following page 3. This table also shows the results for 2016-2021 testing at the Otautau Stream at the Waikouro Monitoring Site. Overall the results show a consistently moderately good score for this site. The data for this particular site

has been provided because it is the closest Environment Southland monitoring site to the stream walk site.

Note that the results of the data will change from time to time depending on weather, recent events and the interpretation of the person undertaking the assessment. The trends over time paint the most reliable picture.

During the stream walk today we will work through each of the variables. You can help us score these using the field recording sheet at the back of this information brochure.



Stream Health Monitoring and Assessment Kit

NIWA's Stream Health Monitoring Assessment Kit (SHMAK) provides a scientifically-sound resource to monitor the ecological health of New Zealand's streams. First released in 1998, SHMAK was developed as a joint project between Federated Farmers and NIWA.

Stream health is the condition (or state) of the whole stream ecosystem, including water quality, physical features of the stream and its banks, and the plants and animals living there. It also includes aspects that affect human health, safety and enjoyment.

During the stream walk we will use part of the SHMAK kit including the clarity tube, temperature, macroinvertibrates, and Periphyton (algae).

More information

- Further information, including short videos can be found on the Environment Southland website

 www.es.govt.nz/environment/ education/backyard-activities.
- Go to the Cawthron website to find out how to carry out a Rapid Habitat Assessment – www. cawthron.org.nz/research/ our-projects/rapid-habitatassessment-protocol.
- For water quality and ecological monitoring sites in the Otautau Stream go to https://www.lawa. org.nz/explore-data/southland-region/river-quality/aparima-river/otautau-stream-at-waikouro/
- For real-time water level and rainfall data from Environment Southland's monitoring sites in the Otautau Stream, go to www. es.govt.nz/maps and data.

Critter Identification Card



Mafl:	I	
Mayflies 8	9	9
Large Stoneflies	10	Small Stoneflies
Uncased Caddis	Cased Caddis	Purse Caddis
6	9	3
Dobsonfly	Beetles	Damselflies
7	6	5
Dragonflies	Amphipods	Snails
6	10	3
Water Boatmen	Worms	Flies
0	1 -	2
5		3

To calculate Macroinvertebrate Community Index

Add all scores of all invertebrates observed together.

Divide this by number of different invertebrates.

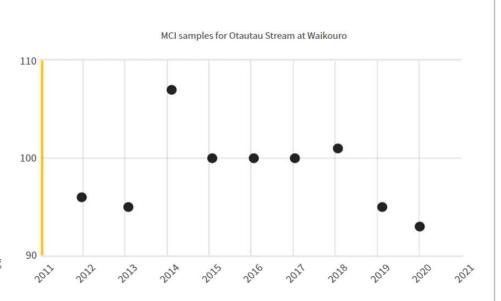
Multiply this number by 20.

Stream health assessment using MCI

Excellent	>120
Good	>100 to 120
Average	80 to 100
Poor	<80

Macroinvertebrate Community Index (MCI) scores

The MCI uses the type and number of bugs in the water an as an indicator of stream health. Higher MCI scores indicate better stream conditions. The MCI samples gathered from the testing site at Waikouro on the Otautau Stream between 2016 and 2021 show that is recent years the river is in 'average' to 'good' health, with an MCI score varying between 93 and 107.



Rapid Habitat Assessment Results – Otautau Stream at Waikouro, 2016-2021

VARIABLES	25/01/2016	16/01/2017	25/01/2018	14/02/2019	6/01/2020	12/02/2021	
Deposited sediment	5	4	2	7	7	7	
Invertebrate habitat diversity	6	6	6	6	10	7	
Invertebrate habitat abundance	4	6	5	7	8	4	
Fish cover diversity	6	4	7	6	4	6	
Fish cover abundance	4	4	8	4	5	4	
Hydraulic heterogeneity	3	2	7	5	3	3	
Bank erosion	6	8	10	7	4	7	
Bank vegetation	4	4	3	4	4	4	
Riparian width	8	5	6	5	4	6	
Riparian shade	3	6	5	1	2	5	
Total score	49	49	59	52	51	53	

River Habitat Assessment – field recording sheet (Cawthron, 2020)

HABITAT PARAMETER					CONE	DITION					SCORE
Deposited sediment	The per	centage (of the stre	eambed c	overed by	/ fine sedi	iment.				
Deposited sediment	0	≤5	5	15	25	35	50	65	75	>75	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Invertebrate habitat diversity				_				_	el, sand, v e score hi		
	≥5	5	5	4	4	3	3	2	2	1	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Invertebrate habitat abundance	1 '	0			able for E algae/m			ch as flov	ving wate	er over	
abundance	95	75	70	60	50	40	30	25	15	5	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Fish cover diversity	overhai	nging/end	croaching	g vegetati		ophytes, t	~		s, undercu Presence d 2		
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
SCORE				ver availa			7	3		1	
Fish cover abundance	95	75	60	50	40	30	20	10	5	0	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Hydraulic heterogeneity		The number of hydraulic components such as pool, rile, fast run, slow run, rapid, cascade/waterfall, turbulance, backwater. Presence of deep pools score higher.									
	≥5	5	4	4	3	3	2	2	2	1	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Bank erosion	1 '	_			recently/a stock pug		roding du	ie to scol	ıring at th	е	
Left bank	0	≤5	5	15	25	35	50	65	75	>75	
Right bank	0	≤5	5	1525		35	50	65	75	>75	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
	The ma	turity, div	ersity and	d naturalı	ness of ba	nk vegeta	ation.				
Bank vegetation (left bank and right bank)	Mature native t with div and inta	verse act	_	erating na sedges/tu exotic		tree cov	shrubs, s /er > your ong grass	ng	Heavily or mow grass > impervi	/n bare ious	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
	The wic	th (m) of	the ripari	ian bu er	contraine	ed by veg	etation, fe	ences or a	other stru	ctures	
Riparian Left bank	≥30	15	10	7	5	4	3	2	1	>0	
Right bank	≥30	15	10	7	5	4	3	2	1	>0	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Riparian shade	or other	r structure	es T			1			vegetatic		
	≥90	80	70	60	50	40	25	15	10	≤5	
SCORE	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
TOTAL										Southland	